Recommended Updates to Our Whole Lives for Grades 7-9, 2nd ed.

Since Our Whole Lives: Sexuality Education for Grades 7-9, 2nd ed. was published in 2014, much has changed in the language around gender, orientation, sexual science, and culture. We are in the preliminary stages of revising this curriculum; in the meantime, we strongly encourage you to mark these changes in your copy. Please contact owl@uua.org or owl@ucc.org for more information.

Universal Changes Throughout the Curriculum

• Gender identity: Change “biological sex” to “assigned sex at birth” and “born male or female at birth” to “assigned male or female sex at birth.” Change binary words and phrases like “girls/women,” “he and she,” and “mother and father” to gender-neutral terms such as “people,” “they,” and “parents.” Change “gender nonconforming” to “gender nonbinary.” Add “nonbinary” and “agender” to lists and discussions.

• Anatomy: Change “biological sex” to “assigned sex at birth.” Make language gender neutral when possible, e.g., “When someone experiences puberty, their penis may become erect and ejaculate during sleep.” Refer to “menstrual products,” not “feminine hygiene products.”

• Sexual Orientation: Add “asexual” to lists and discussions.

• Change “people with disabilities” to “disabled people.” Change ableist language, e.g., “walked into a room” to inclusive language, e.g., “entered a room.”

• Incorporate the updated video resources listed under Parent Orientation into each associated workshop.

Parent Orientation

p. lxii How Many of You? Activity: Revise question 14 to “have a friend who is transgender, genderqueer or gender nonbinary?”

p. lxiv Change activity title to Resource Review and add “Step 3: Briefly review the resources available from the Planned Parenthood and Sex Positive Families websites. Invite adults to read the material at home to prepare them to be their children’s primary sexuality educators.”

p. lxviii Make the following changes to the video list and to the videos in each associated workshop plan:


• Workshop 7: Gender Identity – Add “Hir’ Poem about transgendered youth” (2:44 minutes)*, youtube.com and “5 Non-Binary People Explain What ‘Non-Binary’ Means To Them” (7:33 minutes), youtube.com. Delete “Straightlaced: How Gender Has Got Us All Tied Up.” *The colloquial title of the video for “Hir” includes the term transgendered, but the correct term is trans*gender, used as an adjective modifying the noun that follows.

• Workshop 8: Gender Expression, Roles, and Stereotypes – Add “Break Free – Ruby Rose” (5:17 minutes), youtube.com; “Butch Women Talk About What It Means to Be Butch | them” (5:04 minutes), youtube.com; and “Gender Roles and Stereotypes” (1:47 minutes), youtube.com.


• Workshop 11: Sexuality and Disability – Add “I’m Brianna Couture” (4:17 minutes), youtube.com.

• Workshop 19: Sexually Transmitted Infections – Add “STIs aren’t a consequence. They are inevitable” (16:45 minutes), youtube.com and “Condoms: How to Use Them Effectively” (2:54 minutes), youtube.com.


• Workshop 22: Contraception and Safer Sex – Add “Birth Control: The Final Frontier” (4:59), amaze.org and “Pharmacist explains Plan B Contraceptive! Things you NEED to know!” (8:05), youtube.com
Introductory Session

p. 4 Welcome and Introductions: From question 3, delete “preferred” before the word “pronouns.”

p. 10 Program Orientation: Program Assumptions and Values – You may clarify the first assumption by explaining that while some people lack sexual desire or choose not to be sexually active, everyone is born with sexual and reproductive organs and makes decisions related to their body. Everyone has feelings about their body, attitudes about sexuality, and perceptions of their sexual identity. Asexual people may be in relationships, may choose to be sexually active, and can be sexually abused. For the last assumption, you might explain that intercourse refers to oral, anal, and vaginal intercourse and other behaviors with greater risks of sexually transmitted infections and unintended pregnancy. Greater maturity can increase informed decision-making and relationship safety.

Workshop 4: Anatomy and Physiology

Adapt activity instructions to be gender neutral.

p. 41 Replace the poster labels from “Male Sexual System” to “Sexual System Assigned Male at Birth” and “Female Sexual System” to “Sexual System Assigned Female at Birth.”

p. 42 Reentry and Reading (R&R): Change processing question to, “If some types of bodies are more mysterious than others, why is that so?”

p. 43 Change the last bullet in the boxed text to, “What’s important here is to understand that babies can be assigned male, female, or intersex at birth based on the appearance of their genitals. Medical tests may later reflect a range of chromosomal, hormonal, or anatomical development that don’t fit the medical norms for male and female.”

p. 49 Typical Male Sexual Anatomy and Physiology: Change to “Typical Sexual Anatomy and Physiology Assigned Male.” On Step 9, change the last sentence to, “Circumcision does not typically affect sexual function, but it may affect sexual sensitivity.”

p. 50 Change Typical Female Sexual Anatomy and Physiology to Typical Sexual Anatomy and Physiology Assigned

Female. Step 1 – Change second sentence to, “It’s visible in a mirror when the thighs are open.”

pp. 52–53 Replace Handouts 4 and 5 with the corrected versions provided with this errata.

Workshop 5: Personal Concerns About Puberty

p. 56 Reentry and Reading (R&R): Omit first sentence from the reading.

p. 59 Am I Normal?: Step 6, bullet 3 – Add “Healthy bodies can be all shapes and sizes.” Bullet 6 – Change “feminine hygiene commercials” to “vulva and vagina hygiene commercials” and change “both male and female genitals” to “all genitals.”

p. 59 Personal Concerns: Keep the large group of mixed-gender participants together; instructions are provided in the text.

Workshop 6: Body Image

p. 76 Materials: For Exploring Media Messages – Include multicultural platforms.

p. 81 Body Image Overview: Step 3, first bullet – Add race to the list of influences. Step 6, bullet 2 – Add race to the list of sources of norms and ideals. Steps 8 and 9 – Invite discussion of image filters and standards of perfection.

p. 89 Facilitator Resource 9: Clothing category, Positive column – Change “People wear clothing that fits them well” to “People wear clothing that suits their sense of personal style.”

Workshop 7: Gender Identity

Revise language per Universal Changes and Workshop 4.
Video and Discussion: Update video options from Parent Orientation list and revise processing questions to address the likelihood your group includes gender nonbinary participants.

Facilitator Resource 12: Terminology – Add “gender nonbinary” and define as: “One of many terms (including genderqueer and agender) someone may use to identify themselves when the terms male or female do not apply.” To Transsexual, delete reference to the acronyms MtF and FtM; add “man” and “woman.”

Workshop 8: Gender Expression, Roles and Stereotypes
Revise language per Universal Changes and Workshop 4.

A Word to the Facilitators: Add to paragraph 4 – “Increasingly, communities and settings welcome people of diverse gender identities and gender expression; however, gender role expectations continue to affect young adolescents.”

Workshop 9: Sexual Orientation

Values Voting Statements: Change, “I would feel as comfortable seeing a guy and a girl kissing as…” to “I would feel comfortable seeing a couple kiss regardless of their gender.”

Being an Ally: Step 3, bullet 1 – Delete last sentence about microaggressions. Step 6 – Add, “Black people, Indigenous people, and people of color who are LGBTQ face intersectional discrimination because they hold multiple marginalized identities. This puts them at greater risk than their white counterparts.”

Preparation for Guest Speakers: Step 3 – Mention that the guests are visiting both to educate and to serve as role models for LGBTQ participants in the program.

Workshop 15: Bullying and Bystander Responsibilities

Reentry and Reading (R&R): Before asking for a volunteer to read, explain that the reading is about someone being bullied for their sexual orientation.

Workshop 16: Redefining Abstinence

A Word to the Facilitators: Paragraph 2 – Add “and other behaviors with greater risks of sexually transmitted infections and unintended pregnancy.” Paragraph 5 – Deemphasize the importance of penis-in-vagina sex over other types of behavior.

Preparation: Defining/Redefining Abstinence – Step 3, invite participants to add to the list of activities, which may include rimming (oral-anal contact); leg of lamb (penis inserted between a partner’s thighs or bent knee fold), and muffing (manual stimulation of the inguinal canals, behind the scrotum and testicles).

Defining/Redefining Abstinence: Steps 1 & 2 – Add italicized words to the questions “…have sexual intercourse or equally intimate activities?” Step 3 – Specify that while penis-in-vagina intercourse may lead to pregnancy, it and other genitally focused activities can lead to sexually transmitted infections. Step 7 – Add questions related to behaviors added to the list earlier.

Workshop 17: Lovemaking

Add rimming (oral-anal contact), as an activity requiring a barrier against STIs. Use language that includes queer and same-gender couples.

Workshop 18: Consent Education

Preparation: The Words We Use – Add a fourth poster titled, “Genderqueer/nonbinary.”

May I Give You a Fist Bump: Boxed instructions – Omit options to request to hold hands or kiss.

Bystanders’ Responsibilities: Describe the scenarios before asking for volunteers to read or role play.

The Words We Use: Invite participants to create a fourth list of terms related to sex engaged in by people of other identities.
Workshop 19: Sexually Transmitted Infections, Pregnancy, and Parenting

p. 316 STIs: A Quick Review: Types: Viral – correct to note that Hepatitis B usually clears from the body on its own, but sometimes becomes a chronic condition.

p. 318 Change “female condom” to “internal condom.”

Workshop 20: Pregnancy, Parenting, and Teenage Parenthood
p. 342 A Word to the Facilitators: Here and elsewhere, avoid gender assumptions when discussing sexual anatomy and reproduction.


Workshop 21: Contraception and Safer Sex
Incorporate Workshop 19 updates.


Workshop 24: Communicating with a Sexual Partner
Handout 4

WORKSHOP 4: ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY

ASSIGNED MALE AT BIRTH SEXUAL SYSTEM
These drawings represent typical male anatomy. An intersex person might have anatomy that differs from these drawings.

8
7
6
5
4
3
2
1
9
foreskin
bladder penis
prostate gland
scrotum
seminal vesicle
testicle urethra
anus
vas deferens
ASSIGNED FEMALE AT BIRTH SEXUAL SYSTEM
These drawings represent typical female anatomy. An intersex person might have anatomy that differs from these drawings.

- anus
- bladder
- cervix
- clitoris
- Fallopian tube
- labia majora
- ovary
- urethra
- uterus
- vagina
- vulva
- labia minora
- vaginal opening