

Origins of the United Church of Christ

THE REFORMATION



HENRY VIII AND THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND



JOHN HUS AND THE MORAVIAN CHURCH.



ANABAPTISTS AND THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND



ULRICH ZWINGLI, JOHN CALVIN AND THE REFORMED CHURCH IN SWITZERLAND.



MARTIN LUTHER AND THE LUTHERAN CHURCH OF GERMANY



Separatist "Pilgrims" land in America, 1620

Puritans settle in Massachusetts Bay Colony, 1628



Separatists from England form first Baptist Church in Holland



John Knox brings Calvin's teaching to Scotland, 1560

Dutch Reformed Church in New York aids Germans of Reformed faith in Pennsylvania

German Reformed Church influenced by Zwingli's teachings

German Lutheran and Reformed pastors form Evangelical United Church of Prussia, 1817.



Puritans and Pilgrims form the Congregational Church



John and Charles Wesley found Methodism, 1729

Wesleys influenced by Moravian teachings

Puritan Roger Williams organizes Baptist Church in Rhode Island, 1639

Irish and Scot Presbyterians establish churches in America



Persecuted German Reformed settlers flood Pennsylvania, western Maryland, and Virginia's Shenandoah valley, 1700-1740. German Reformed Church of America forms, 1732



War-tired Germans migrate to America. Settle mostly in the midwest, 1830-1840. Form Evangelical Union of the West. Join with other German Evangelicals to form the Evangelical Synod of North America, 1872



James O'Kelly breaks with Methodists Southern Branch of Christian Church forms, 1794



Dr Abner Jones of Vermont advocates greater religious freedom. Christian Church in New England results, 1801



Barton Stone and Kentucky Presbyterians withdraw from Christian Churches, 1803



After Civil War, freed Slaves start Afro-Christian Churches

Three groups of Christian churches merge into one denomination, 1810

CONGREGATIONAL CHRISTIAN CHURCHES

THE EVANGELICAL AND REFORMED CHURCH

1929

1934

